



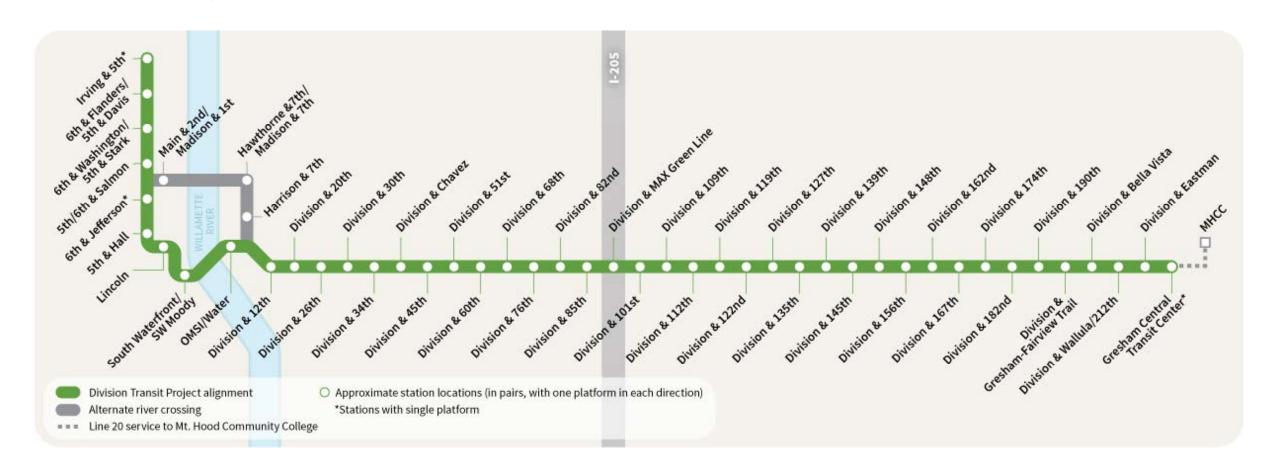




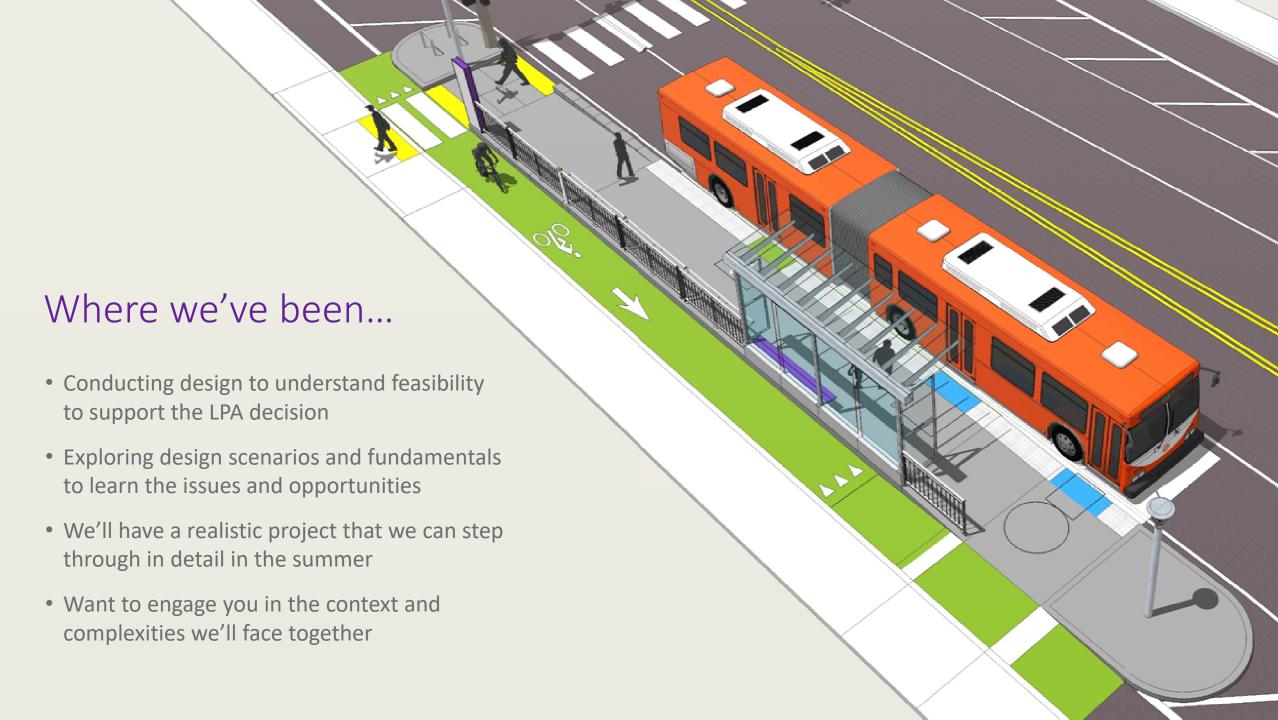
COMMUNITY ADVISORY COMMITTEE

APRIL 20, 2017

CAC: Project Design Primer





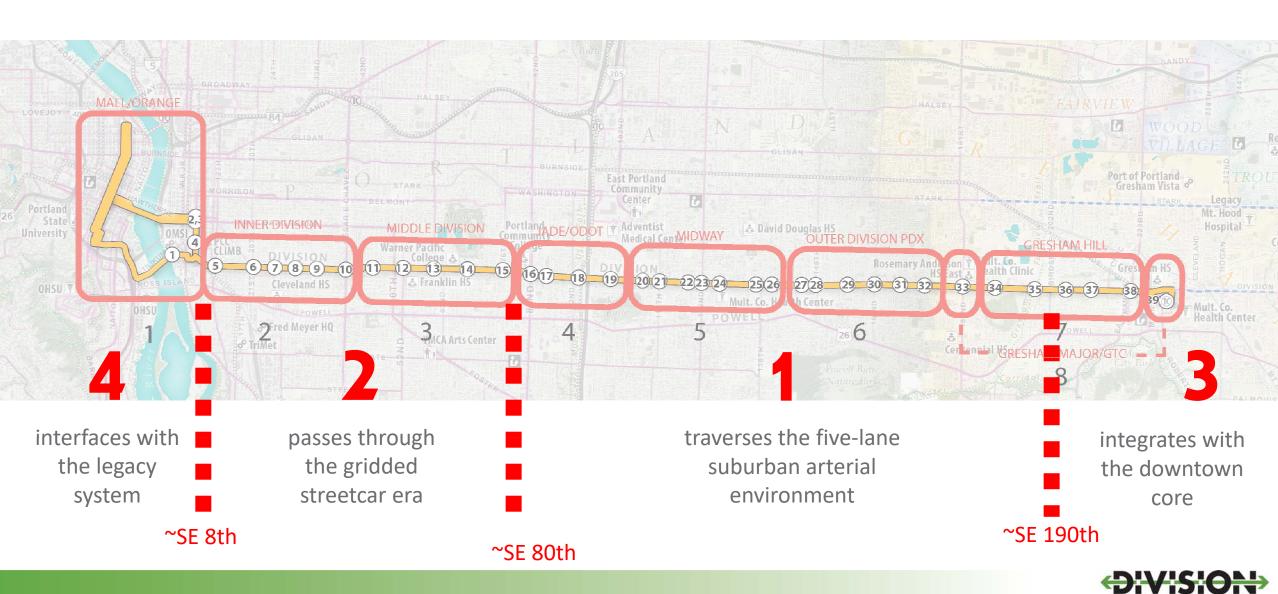


take something big and break it down... design team working sub-segments





take something big and break it down... high-level contextual classification



TRANSIT PROJECT

the same is true for stations...a simplifying typology emerges



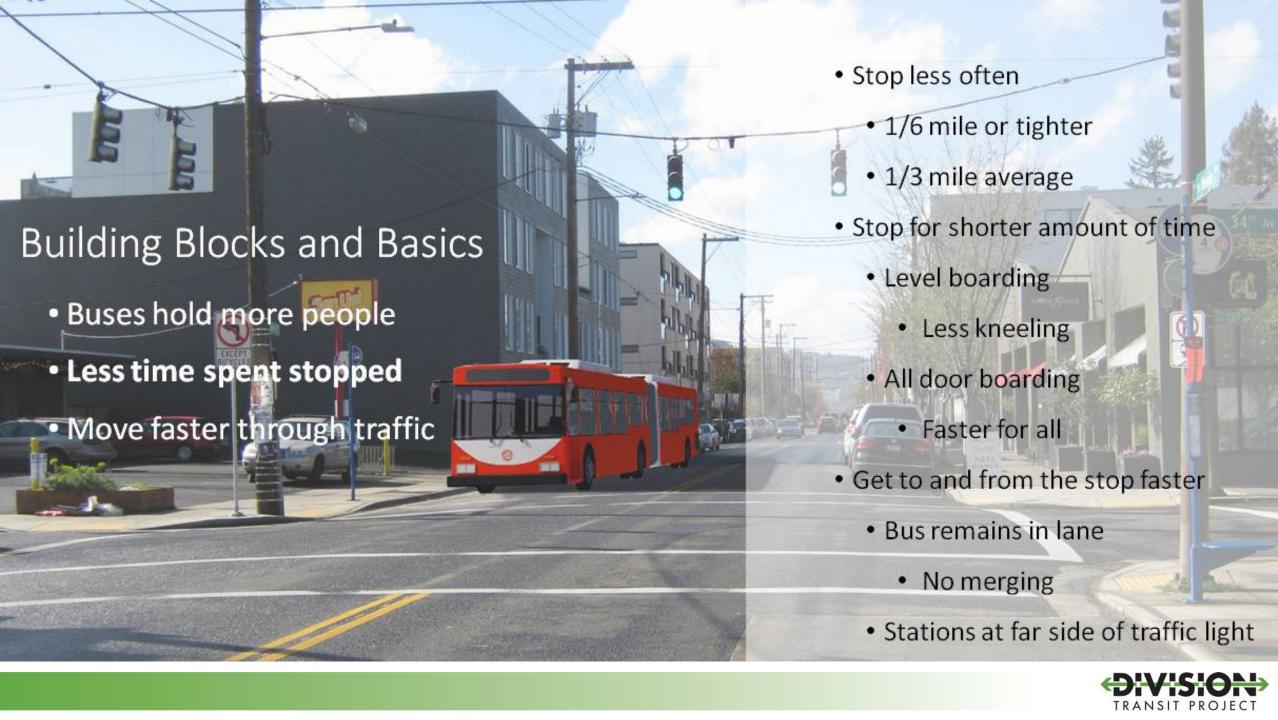


So, why a design primer?

- Overview of the context and the complexities
- Uncover some of the difficult balancing acts
 - Station placement and impacts
 - · Multimodal accommodation and access
 - Range of costly but non-critical items
- Or, said another way...
 - Safety
 - Accessibility
 - Equity
- Share information
- Answer your questions









Design Assumptions for BRT station infrastructure:

- Hop FastPass will be available at all 3 doors of the BRT vehicle
- Two entries (at least 1 accessible) to be provided to each platform
- Allow for ADA loading with ramp and cash fare at Door 1
- Focus ADA loading at Door 2 (with bridge plate) for ALL stations
 - Will test level of impact on inner Division, orange line and the Mall
- Variation in ADA boarding/alighting to be tested/avoided
 - cash fare payment from door 2 loading to be explored
- No fiberoptic connection will be provided
 - therefore no CCTV/financial transactions



12 Platforms

- Outer Division (area of 5 lane section)
- Arterial to Arterial intersections
- N/S Transfer locations now or in future



20 Platforms

- Primarily Outer Division away from intersections (includes new or in proximity to signalized crossing)
- Some variation on middle Division and CE to push bikes behind



Design Assumptions for BRT station infrastructure:

- Station infrastructure will be designed to serve the 60' fleet ONLY
 - will not necessarily serve 40' fleet with door 1 ramp deploy and bikes on front
- Platform width shall be 10'min and 12' preferred
 - 600sf average platform area adequate to serve passenger load with headways projected
- Platform height shall vary from 6" at Door 1 to ~11" at Door 2 and 3
 - Flexibility preserved into Final Engineering for fleet procurement
- Bicycles shall be on-board and will enter/exit at door 3
 - cash fare will require internal circulation



15 Platforms

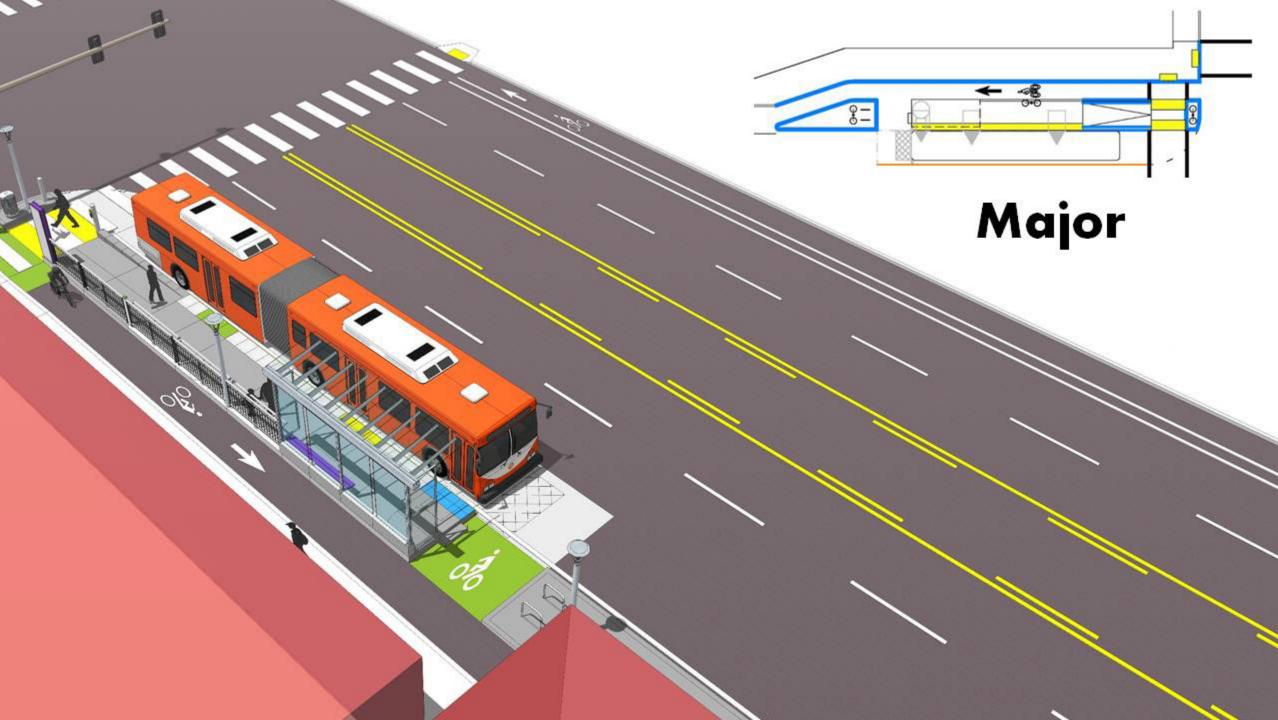
- Used where there is no bike lane or where bus can "take" bike lane
- Used where ROW and remaining sidewalk are wide enough to face of building

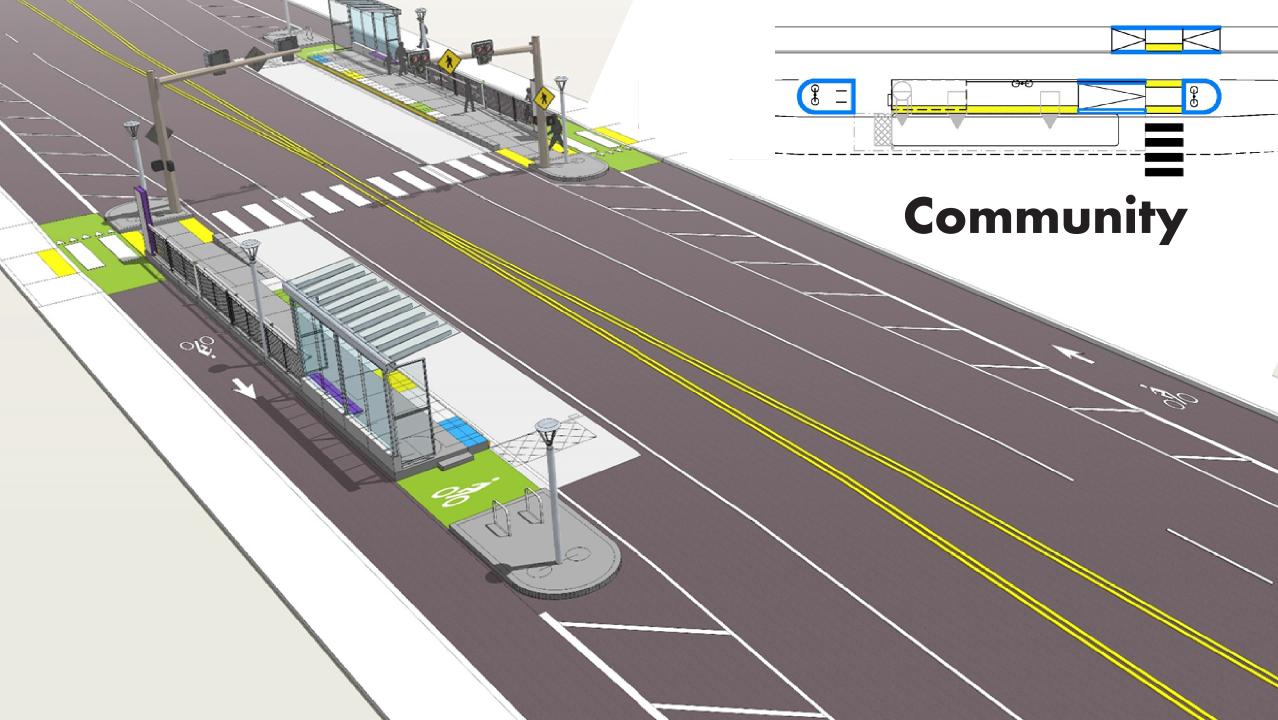


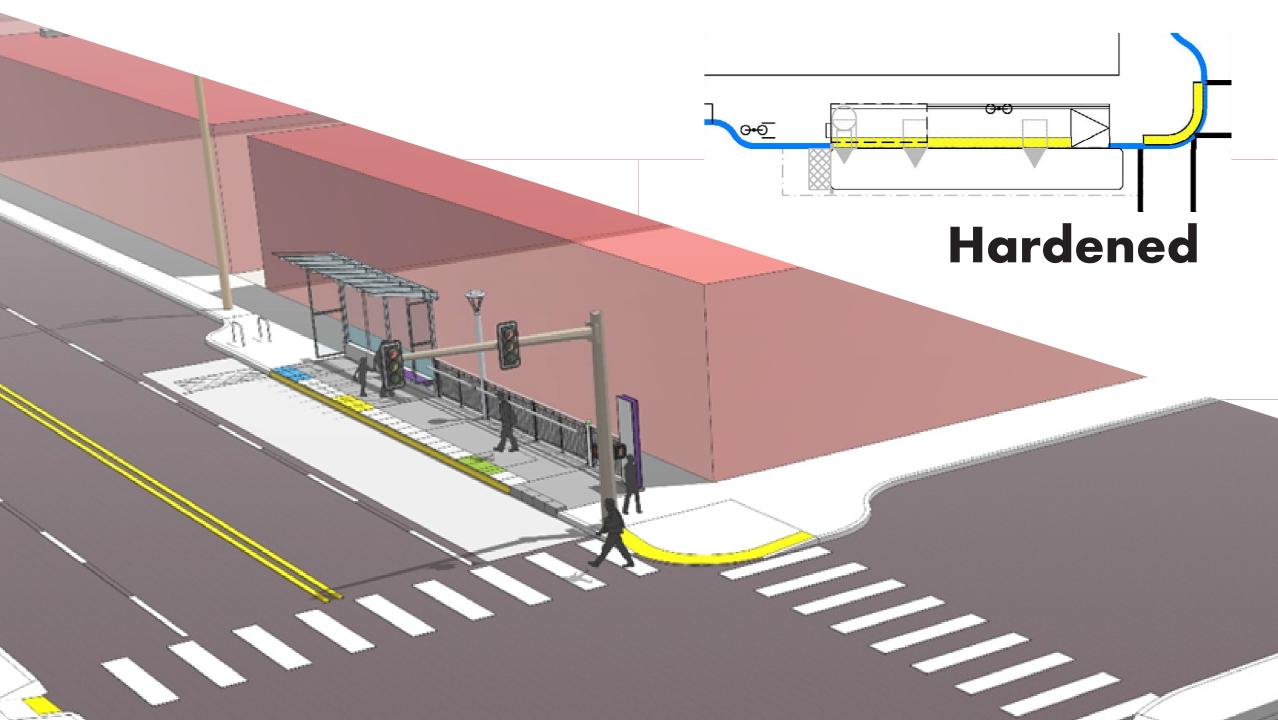
33 Platforms

- Primarily Inner Division Streetscape area and Downtown Portland too)
- May have to investigate options with reversed shelter orientation due to built constraints













CONTEXT
TRANSFORMATION
BALANCE
INCREMENTALISM





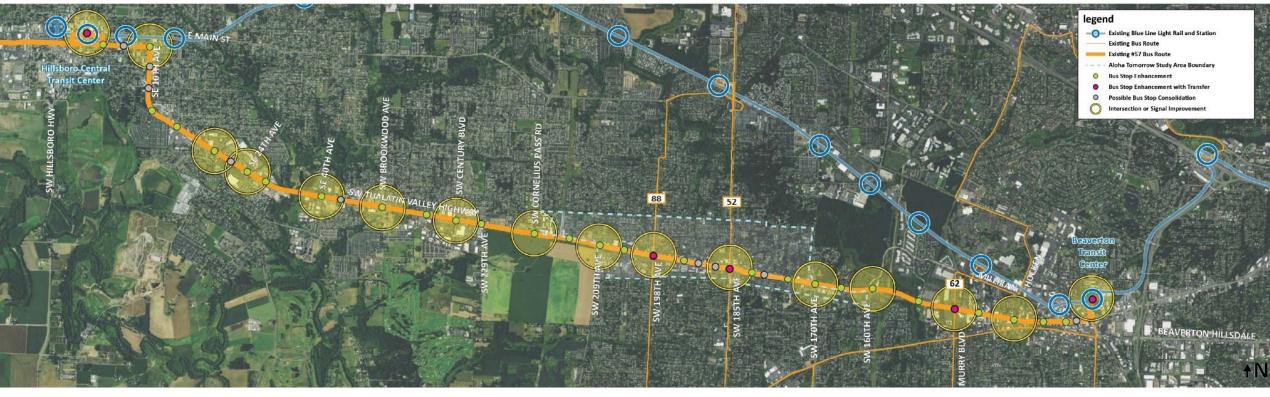










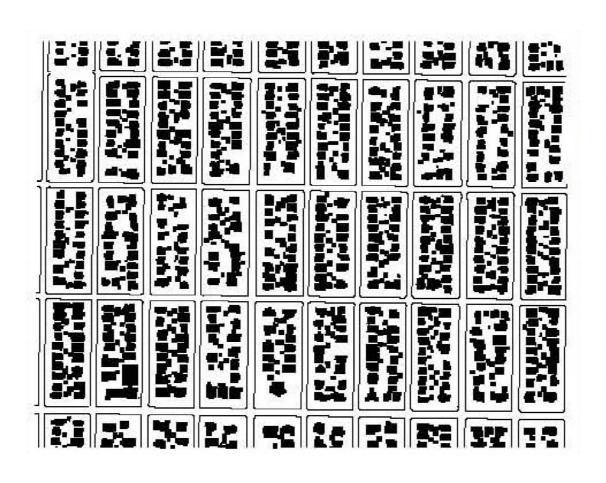


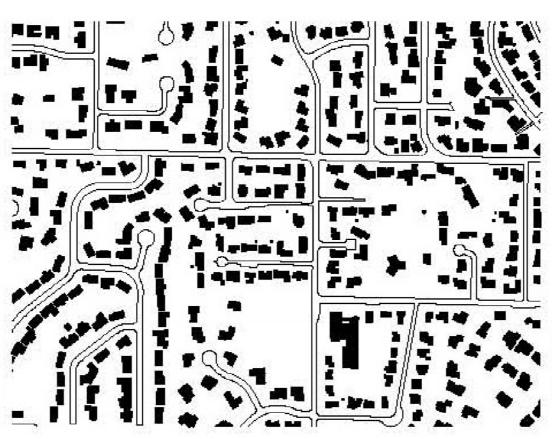


CONTEXT...and its consequences



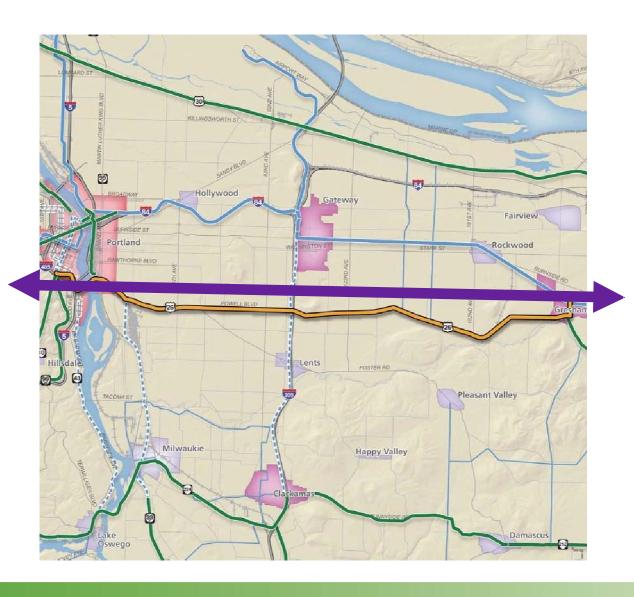
fragmented and discontinuous transportation system







main arterials are the ONLY elements of continuity











Freight and business-supportive functions



Neighborhood circulation and access



Transit and pedestrian and cycling movements

because often, this is the only direct way to get around

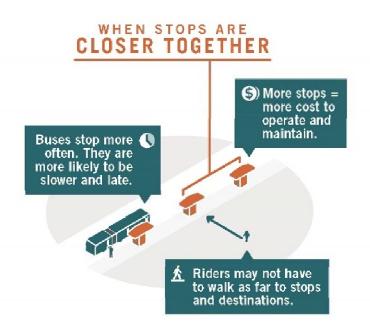


workhorse corridors in the old paradigm and new





with significant and diverse transit usage patterns





WALKABILITY sed blandit odio lacinia ut. Nulla pulvinar nisi ipsum, sed (agreet nis) auctor eu. In laoreet purus nec erat hendrerit ullamcorper. Nunc in arcu at arcu consequat volutpat. Aliquam rhonous molestie metus eu euismod. SIDEWALKS A 5-MINUTE WALK FROM A BUS STOP 1/2 MILE Because there are gaps in service, a second line is added 1/3-1/2 MILE

Because there are not gaps in service a second line is unneeded and those resources can be allocated elsewhere



building the ladder of service/modal hierarchy MAX Yellow Line MAX Red Line Lombard Dekum Killingsworth MAX Blue Line MAX Blue Line Belmont Hawthorne Tualatin Valley Hwy Beaverton Hillsdale Hwy MAX Orange Line

TRANSIT PROJECT

land use characteristics are just as varied...



- Former county or un-incorporated land with little regulation and urban services
- Variety of uses and frontage types
 from a variety of development eras
 no consistent form
- Diverse buildings, diverse uses, diverse communities
- Single family rural residential, carpark multifamily, business, autocentric, mobile homes, flag lot development, new housing types
- Code adoptions and ideas call for transformation but currently lack the vision for the "whole" place



...and along comes transit and TRANSFORMATION

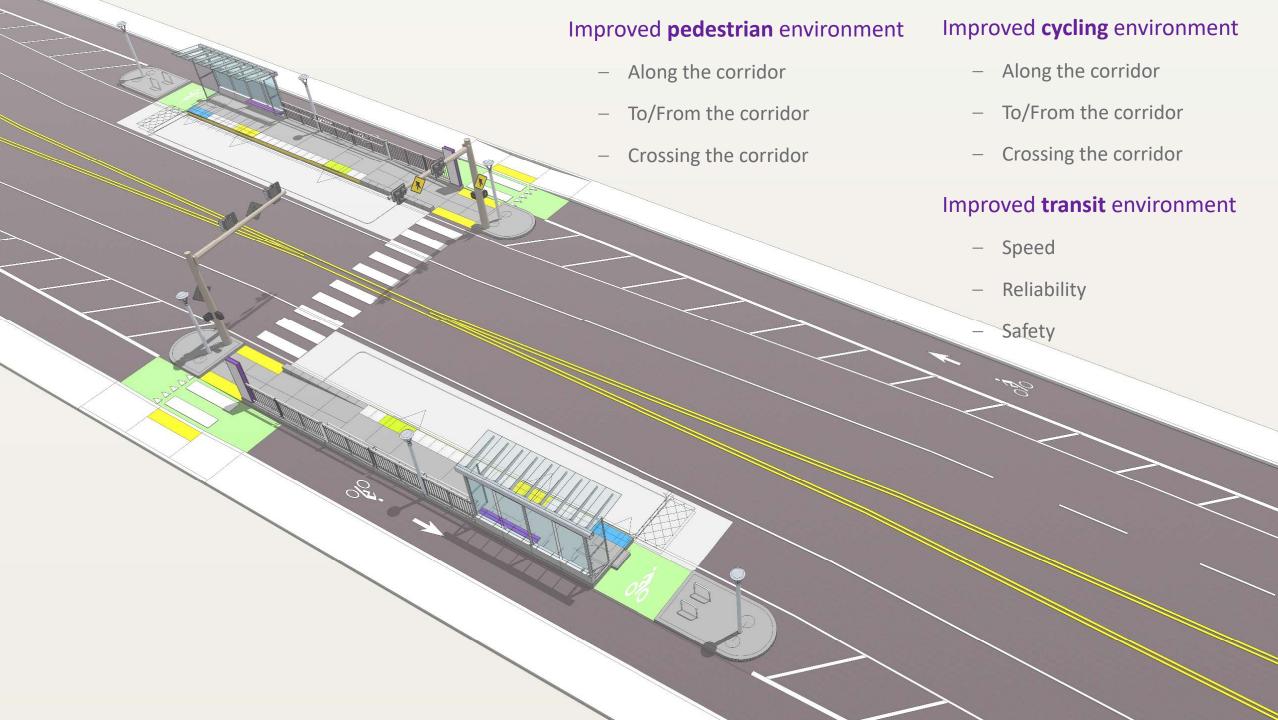


everybody wants everything for everyone at all times, now...









but we've got to calibrate the magnitude and speed of transformation

- don't want to eliminate access to homes or businesses
- don't want to limit this community's overall mobility
- don't want to impinge on this conduit of economic vitality

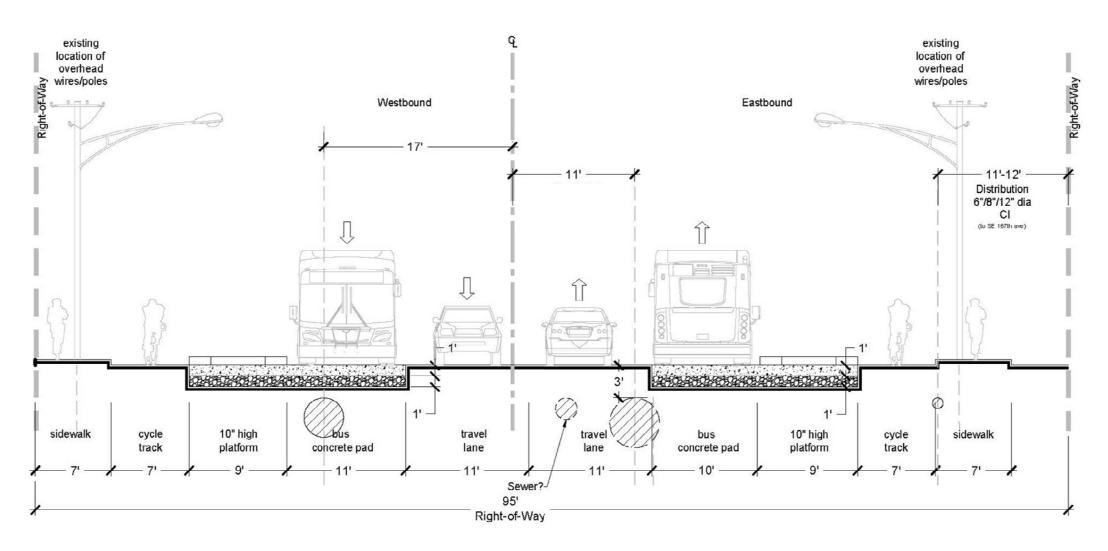








and we may not want to sink our precious resources into other factors



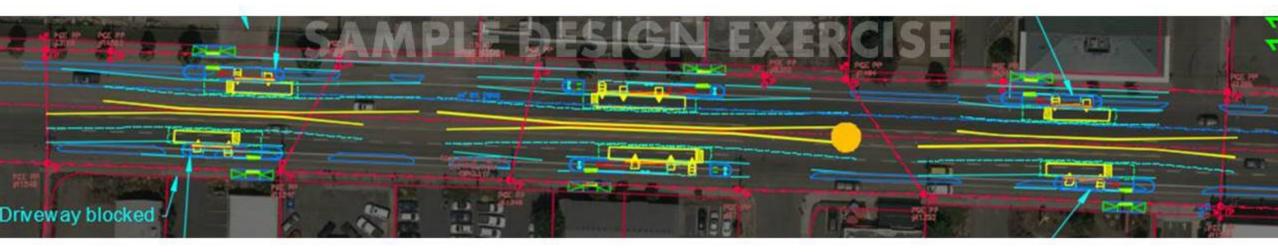


...so lets talk about BALANCE

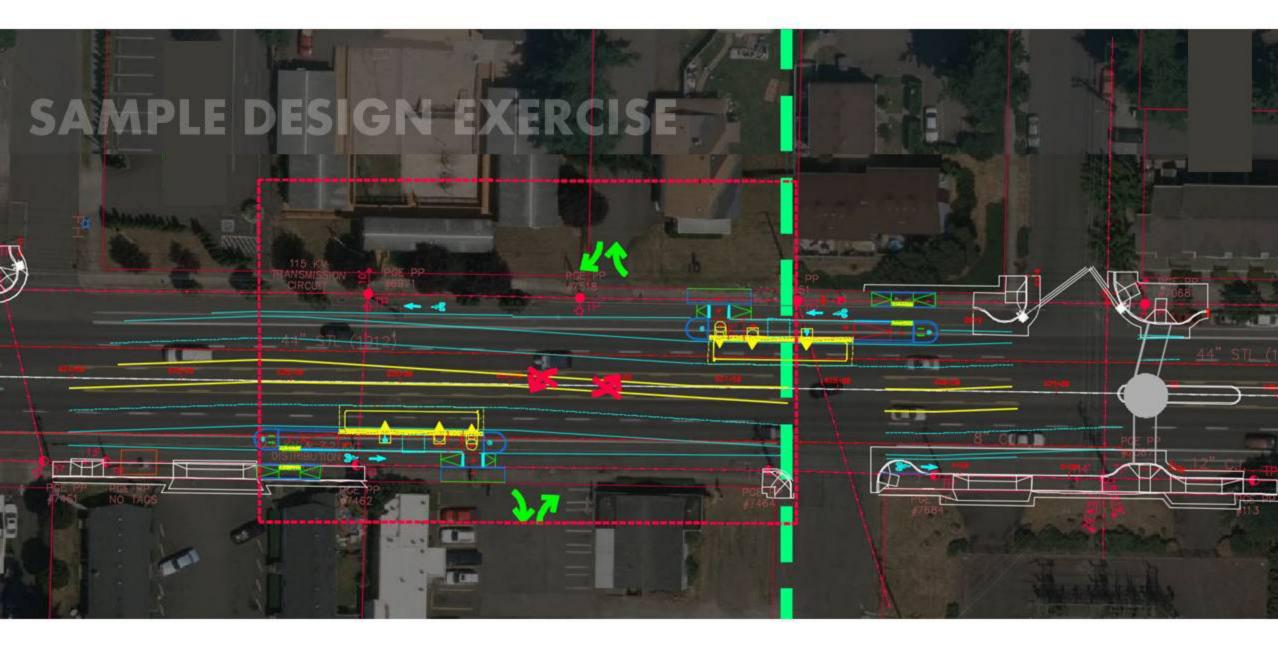




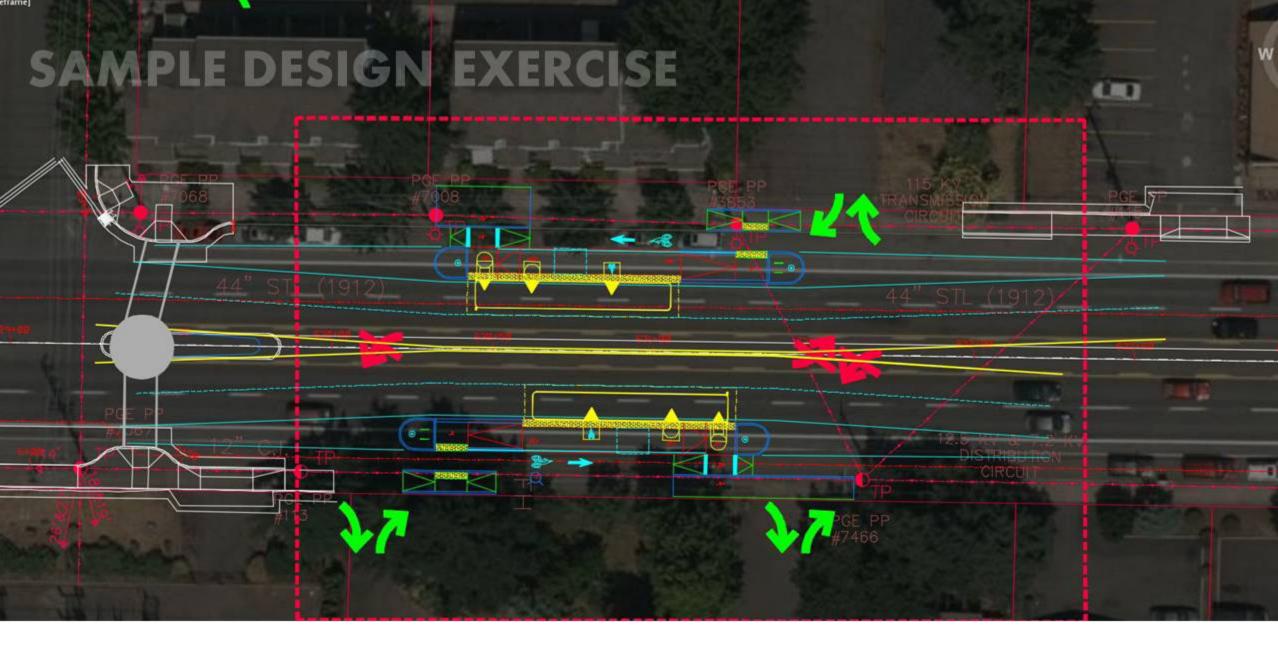
between many rocks and hard places...



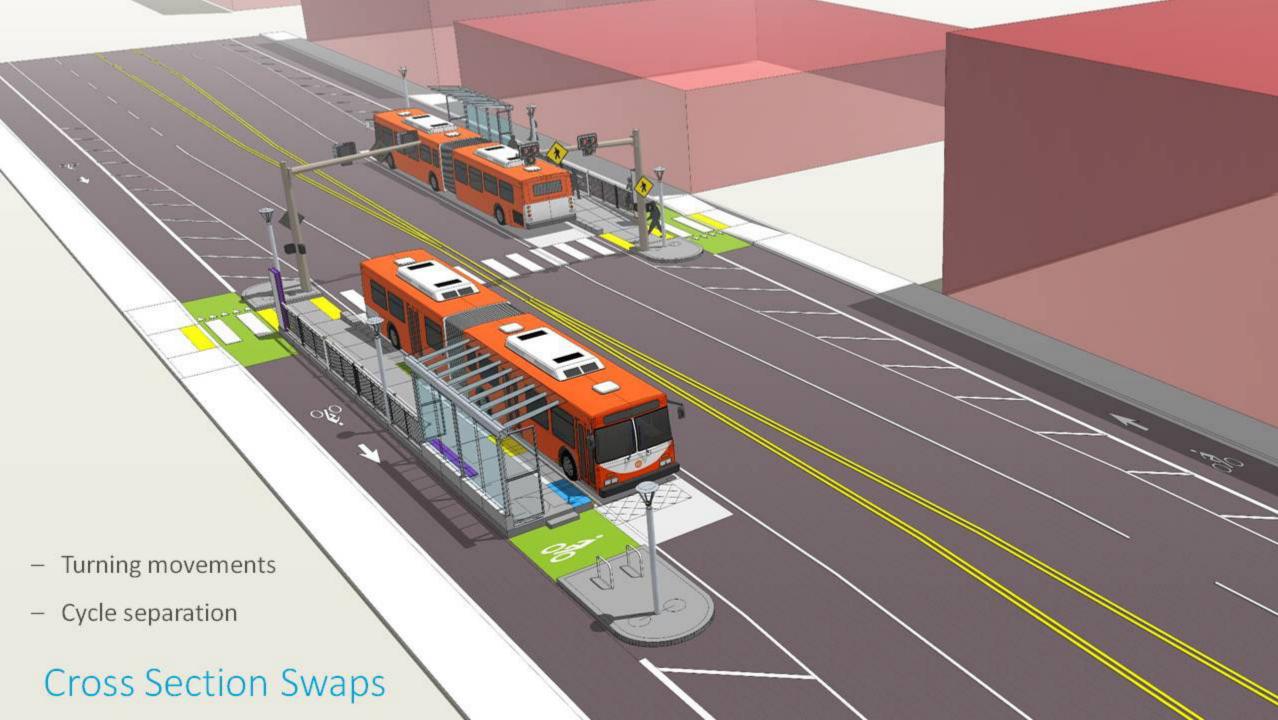




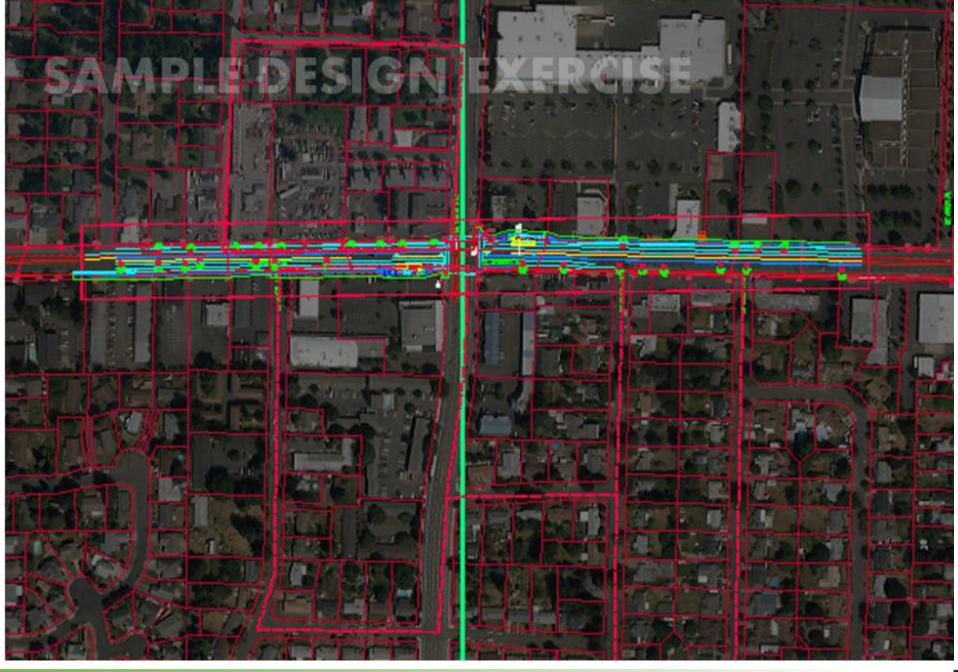














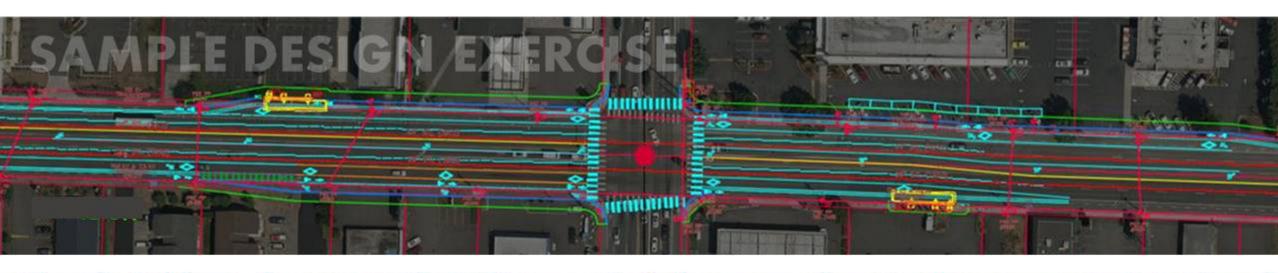


Crossing Proximity

- Existing minor signals
- Existing major signals
- New signals
- HAWKS
- RRFB

sometimes bigger solutions are warranted









and other considerations must be balanced...







can we define the right INCREMENT of change?











CAC: Project Design Primer 20 april 17

